We claim:-

## JC20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 3 0 SEP 2005

A mixture of at least two compounds each having at least two double bonds, said mixture having a WFR from 240 to 600 g/mol of double bond and at least two of said compounds each comprising at least two (meth)acrylic esters as double bond component, WFR being given by:

n  $\Sigma \alpha_i \times MW_i / Z_i = WFR \text{ where } i=1$ 

10

30

35

40

n  $\Sigma \alpha_i = 1$  i=1

- α<sub>i</sub> is equal to the molar fraction of compound (i) in said mixture,
   n is equal to the number of compounds in said mixture and n is ≥ 2,
   Z<sub>i</sub> is equal to the number of double bonds in said compound (i),
   MW<sub>i</sub> is equal to the molecular weight of said compound (i).
- 20 2. The mixture according to claim 1 which has a WFR between 240 and 400 g/mol of double bond and preferably a WFR between 250 and 350 g/mol of double bond.
- 3. The mixture according to either of claims 1 and 2 wherein n is 2, 3 or 4 preferably 2.
  - 4. The mixture according to any of claims 1 to 3 wherein the MW/Z ratios of two compounds differ at least by at least 50 g/mol of double bond, preferably by at least 100 g/mol of double bond and more preferably by at least 250 g/mol of double bond.
  - 5. The mixture according to any of claims 1 to 4 wherein one compound has an MW/Z ratio of below 400 g/mol of double bond, preferably below 300 g/mol of double bond, more preferably below 200 g/mol of double bond and especially below 150 g/mol of double bond.
  - 6. The mixture according to any of claims 1 to 5 wherein one compound has an MW/Z ratio of above 400 g/mol of double bond and below 10 000 g/mol of double bond and preferably of above 600 g/mol of double bond and below 1000 g/mol of double bond.
  - 7. The mixture according to any of claims 1 to 6 wherein Z of at least one **AMENDED SHEET**

compound is between 2 and 6 and preferably is 2, 3 or 4.

- 8. The mixture according to any of claims 1 to 7 wherein said compounds are esters F<sub>i</sub> which are obtainable by esterification of polyalcohols A<sub>i</sub> with (meth)acrylic acid and each polyalcohol A<sub>i</sub> has Z<sub>i</sub> hydroxyl functions and from 2 to 50 carbon atoms.
- 9. The mixture according to any of claims 1 to 8 wherein one compound is represented by one of the following formulae:

5

$$(AO)p_3$$
 $O$ 
 $O$ 
 $AO)p_1$ 
 $R1$ 
 $R2$ 
 $R2$ 
 $R2$ 
 $R2$ 

15

ΟГ

$$(AO)p_4$$

$$R4$$

$$(AO)p_3$$

$$(AO)p_3$$

$$(AO)p_2$$

$$R2$$

$$(AO)p_2$$

$$R2$$

$$R3$$

where AO is independently at each instance –O-CHR7-CHR8- or -CHR7-CHR8-O- where R7 and R8 are independently H, linear or branched C1-C8-alkyl,

R5 and R6 are independently H, linear or branched C1-C8-alkyl,

n is 1, 2 or 3

10

5

p1 is 0, 1 or 2,

p2 is 0, 1 or 2,

15

p3 is 0, 1 or 2,

p4 is 0, 1 or 2,

R1, R2, R3, R4 are independently H or CH3,

20

10. The mixture according to any of claims 1 to 9 wherein one compound is represented by one of the following formulae:

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\$$

or

5

10

$$(AO)p_4$$

$$R4$$

$$(AO)p_3$$

$$(AO)p_3$$

$$(AO)p_2$$

$$R2$$

$$(AO)p_2$$

$$R2$$

$$(AO)p_2$$

$$R3$$

where AO is independently at each instance –O-CHR7-CHR8- or -CHR7-CHR8-O-, where R7 and R8 are independently H, linear or branched C1-C8-alkyl,

R5 and R6 are independently H, linear or branched C1-C8-alkyl,

n is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20,

p1 is 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20,

5 p2 is 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20,

p3 is 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20.

p4 is 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20,

10

R1, R2, R3, R4 are independently H or CH3.

11. The mixture according to either of claims 9 and 10 wherein AO is independently at each instance EO or PO,

15

where EO is O-CH2-CH2-,

PO is independently O-CH2-CH(CH3)- or O-CH(CH3)-CH2-

20

R5 and R6 are independently H or CH3

12. A process for preparing an ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub> according to any of claims 1 to 11 by starting from an alcohol mixture of said polyalcohols A<sub>i</sub>, comprising the steps of

25

 a) reacting said polyalcohols A<sub>i</sub> with (meth)acrylic acid in the presence of at least one esterification catalyst C and of at least one polymerization inhibitor
 D and optionally also of a water-azeotroping solvent E to form an ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub>,

30

- b) optionally removing from the reaction mixture some or all of the water formed in a), during and/or after a),
- f) optionally neutralizing said reaction mixture,
- h) when a solvent E was used, optionally removing this solvent by distillation, and/or

35

- i) stripping with a gas which is inert under the reaction conditions.
- 13. The process for preparing an ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub>, said mixture having a WFR from 200 to 600 g/mol of double bond or the process according to claim 12 wherein

40

the molar excess of (meth)acrylic acid over said polyalcohols A<sub>i</sub> is at least 5\*Z<sub>i</sub> mol% and

## **AMENDED SHEET**

15

20

25

- the optionally neutralized (meth)acrylic acid present in said reaction mixture after the last step substantially remains in said reaction mixture.
- The process for preparing an ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub>, said mixture having a WFR from 200 to 600 g/mol of double bond or the process according to either of claims 12 and 13 wherein the (meth)acrylic acid is not more than 75% by weight removed from said reaction mixture obtained after said last step, which reaction mixture comprises ester mixture.
- 15. The process for preparing an ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub>, said mixture having a WFR from 200 to 600 g/mol of double bond or the process according to any of claims 12 to 14 wherein said reaction mixture obtained after said last step, which comprises ester mixture, has a DIN EN 3682 acid number of at least 25 mg KOH/g.
  - 16. The process for preparing an ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub>, said mixture having a WFR from 200 to 600 g/mol of double bond or the process according to any of claims 12 to 15 wherein said reaction mixture obtained after said last step, which comprises ester mixture, has a (meth)acrylic acid content of at least 0.5% by weight.
  - 17. The process for preparing an ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub>, said mixture having a WFR from 200 to 600 g/mol of double bond or the process according to any of claims 12 to 16 wherein the molar ratio of (meth)acrylic acid to alcohol mixture A<sub>i</sub> in reaction a) is at least 5\*Z<sub>i</sub>:1.
  - 18. A process for preparing a crosslinked hydrogel, comprising the steps of
- k) polymerizing an ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub>, said mixture having a WFR from 200 to 600 g/mol of double bond or esters F<sub>i</sub> according to any of claims 1 to 11 with (meth)acrylic acid, with optionally additional monoethylenically unsaturated compounds N and optionally also at least one further copolymerizable hydrophilic monomer M in the presence of at least one free-radical initiator K and optionally of at least one further grafting base L,
  - I) optionally postcrosslinking the reaction mixture obtained from k),
  - m) drying the reaction mixture obtained from k) or I), and
  - n) optionally grinding and/or sieving the reaction mixture obtained from k), l) or m).
  - 19. A process for preparing a crosslinked hydrogel, comprising steps a) to i) according to any of claims 12 to 17 and additionally

5

10

35

- k) polymerizing the reaction mixture from one of stages a) to i) if performed, with optionally additional monoethylenically unsaturated compounds N and optionally also at least one further copolymerizable hydrophilic monomer M in the presence of at least one free-radical initiator K and optionally of at least one grafting base L,
- l) optionally postcrosslinking the reaction mixture obtained from k),
- m) drying the reaction mixture obtained from k) or l), and
- n) optionally grinding and/or sieving the reaction mixture obtained from k), l) or m).
- 20. Polymer obtainable according to a process according to either of claims 18 and 19.
- 15 21. Crosslinked hydrogel comprising at least one hydrophilic monomer M in copolymerized form crosslinked with an ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub>, said mixture having a WFR from 200 to 600 g/mol of double bond according to any of claims 1 to 11.
- 20 22. Crosslinked hydrogel comprising at least one hydrophilic monomer M in copolymerized form crosslinked with a reaction mixture which comprises an ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub> and is obtainable according to a process of claims 12 to 15.
- 25 23. The use of a polymer according to any of claims 20 to 22 in hygiene articles, packaging materials and in nonwovens.
  - 24. A composition of matter comprising
- from 0.1% to 40% by weight of at least one ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub>, said mixture having a WFR from 200 to 600 g/mol of double bond or esters F<sub>i</sub> according to any of claims 1 to 11 and (meth)acrylic acid,
  - 0.5 99.9% by weight of at least one hydrophilic monomer M,
  - 0 10% by weight of at least one esterification catalyst C,
  - 0 5% by weight of at least one polymerization inhibitor D, and
    - 0 10% by weight of at least one solvent E,
       with the proviso that the sum total is always 100% by weight.
  - 25. The composition of matter according to claim 24, further comprising
    - a diluent G ad 100% by weight.

5

- 26. Crosslinked hydrogel obtainable from a composition of matter according to claim 24 or 25 and additionally
  - I) optionally postcrosslinking the reaction mixture obtained,
  - m) drying the reaction mixture obtained directly or obtained from I), and
  - n) optionally grinding and/or sieving the reaction mixture obtained directly or obtained from I) or m).
- The use of a reaction mixture obtainable according to any of claims 12 to 17 or of a composition of matter according to claim 24 or 25
  - as a free-radical crosslinker of water-absorbing hydrogels,
  - as a starting material for preparing polymer dispersions,
  - as a starting material for preparing polyacrylates,
- 15 as a paint raw material, or ---
  - as a cement additive.
  - 28. The crosslinked hydrogel according to any of claims 20, 21, 22 or 26 which has a residual crosslinker content of less than 10 ppm, preferably less than 8 ppm and more preferably less than 5 ppm.
    - 29. The use of an ester mixture of said esters F<sub>i</sub> according to any of claims 1 to 11 for preparing hydrogel-forming polymers capable of absorbing aqueous fluids.
- 25 30. The use of an ester mixture according to claim 29 wherein each ester component F<sub>i</sub> is present at less than 2% by weight and preferably 1% by weight based on the total amount of monomers.